

Autumn 1: World of Colour

Can you say what we will be learning about in our topic 'All About Me!'?

By the end of this term, children should know how to:

- identify a primary colour
- mix 2 primary colours together creates a secondary colour
- mix paints to add greater depth and detail to artwork

Vocabulary

ing paint

Primary colours: basic colours mixed together to produce other colours

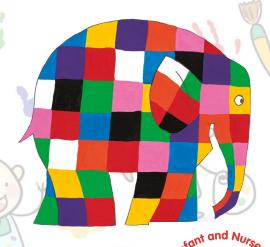
Secondary colours: a colour resulting from mixing 2 primary colours

Mixing: to combine and put together to paint colours

Primary colours: red, yellow,

blue

Paintbrush: a brush for apply-





Autumn 1: Mark Making

Can you say what we will be learning about in our topic 'All About Me!'?

By the end of this term, children should know how to:

- make straight, curved and zigzag marks using a range of media
 e.g. pens, pastels and pencils
- sketch and will practice this by sketching lines and simple shapes
 using different media and different marks created
- hold a paintbrush correctly to make marks using paint

Vocabulary

Media: main mass of communica-

tion

Oval: a rounded shape like an egg

Circle: a curved shape that is round

Dotted: marked with the form of

dots

Freehand: drawing without anything to guide the hand

Horizontal: parallel to the plane of the horizon

Gallery: room or building for dis-

play of art

Wavy: an edge that curves smooth-

ly in and out

Zigzag: line that has abrupt turns

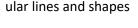
Vertical

Straight: extending without a curve

Perspective: representing 3D ob-

jects on a 2D surface to give height and depth

Geometric: characterised with reg-





Autumn 2: Collage

Can you say what we will be learning in our topic 'Once Upon a Time...'?

By the end of this term, children should know how to:

- manipulate different types of paper e.g. tissue paper, newspaper
- understand what type of paper is best to create a collage
- tear and crumple paper
- to look and reflect on their work
- collage on a smaller scale and edit and improve
- use a range of collage techniques to create an effect

Vocabulary:

Background: the setting for

an image

Collage: sticking different materials to backing

Compose: create work of art

Crumple: crush something so it becomes bent or crinkled

Tear: pull something apart

Fold: bend something flexibly

so it covers another part

Overlap: extend an object so

it covers partially

Secure: fix or fasten so not to

become loose



Spring 1: Sketching

Can you say what we will be learning in our topic 'Superheroes to the Rescue!'?

By the end of this term, children should know how to:

- sketch a line and build on previous skills
- sketch shapes, including circles and other 2D shapes
- draw curved and straight lines
- hold a sketching pencil, and understand how to make small lines for sketching
- improve observational drawing skills by applying knowledge of line and media

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Gallery: room or building for display of art

Wavy: an edge that curves smoothly in and out

Zigzag: line that has abrupt turns

Vertical

Straight: extending without a

curve

Perspective: representing 3D objects on a 2D surface to give

height and depth

Geometric: characterised with regular lines and shapes



Spring 2: Sketching

Can you say what we will be learning in our topic 'Amazing Animals!'?

By the end of this term, children should know how to:

- use observational skills to sketch a self-portrait
- examine the work of Seurat and create a self-portrait using cotton buds
- examine the work of Picasso and create a self-portrait in the style of Picasso
- examine and discuss the work of Paul Klee and use a self-portrait in the style of watercolours
- reflect on learning and discuss the different artists studied

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Freehand: drawing without anything to guide the hand

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Gallery: room or building for display of

art

Wavy: an edge that curves smoothly in

and out

Zigzag: line that has abrupt turns Vertical

Straight: extending without a curve

Perspective: representing 3D objects on

a 2D surface to give height and depth

Geometric: characterised with regular lines and shapes





Summer 1: Weaving

Can you say what we will be learning in our topic 'What Will We Grow?'

By the end of this term, children should know how to:

- weave using paper and card
- build on weaving skills and knowledge to weave using a delicate material
- weave on larger scales using 2 different weaving frames and using a range of materials e.g. fabric, ribbon and wool
- weave using string, wool, leaves, twigs, grass and flowers to create class art
- understand the creative process of weaving

Vocabulary:

Under: directly below

Over: directly above

Weaving: the craft of interlac-

ing threads

Woven: to form fabric by interlacing long threads passing at a right angle to each other

Loom: apparatus for making

yarn

Fabric: cloth produced by knitting fibres

Paper: material produced by thin sheets of wood

Fold: bend something so one part covers another

Materials: the matter with which things can be made





Summer 2: Sculpture

Can you say what we will be learning in our topic 'Healthy Fun!'?

By the end of this term, children should know how to:

- create a sculpture using Lego and clay
- manipulate clay through rolling and squashing before using tools to create patterns and lines
- make slip to join clay
- create a fantasy dragon sculpture idea that children will plan, draw and then create
- create different marks in clay to show texture



Vocabulary:

Sculpt: create something by carving or shaping

Sculpture: art of making 3D forms by carving

Clay: sticky fine grained earth moulded when

wet

Smooth: having an even surface

Pulling: exert force to cause movement

Pinching: grip tightly with the finger and thumb

Carving: action of carving to create an object

Holes: a hollow place in a surface

Slip: a slurry of clay and water to combine objects in clay

Joining: to link or connect

Squeezing: firmly press with fingers to combine

something

Smoothing: to give something a regular appear-

ance

